

Potenza ad esponente naturale

Materiale integrativo del

Corso integrato di

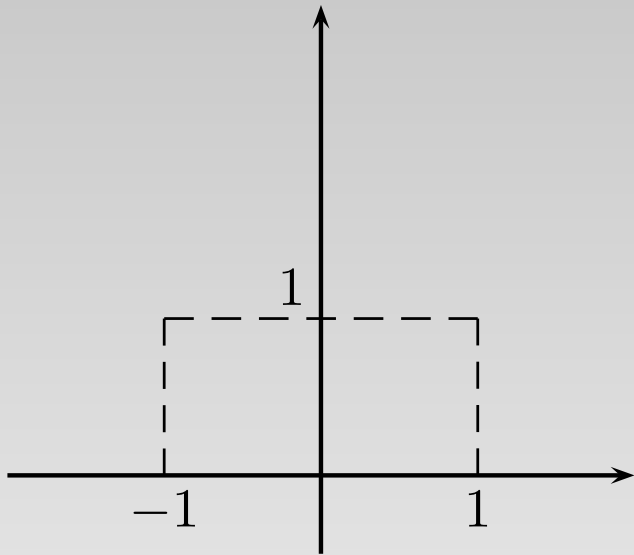
Matematica

per le scienze naturali ed applicate

Paolo Baiti, Lorenzo Freddi

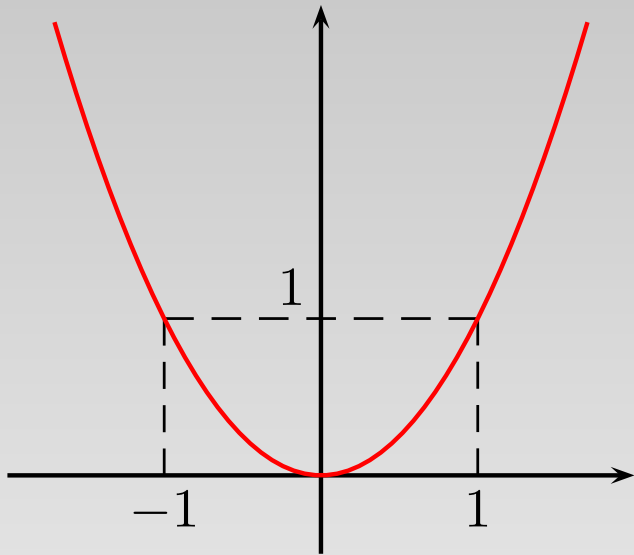
Confronto tra potenze

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Confronto tra potenze

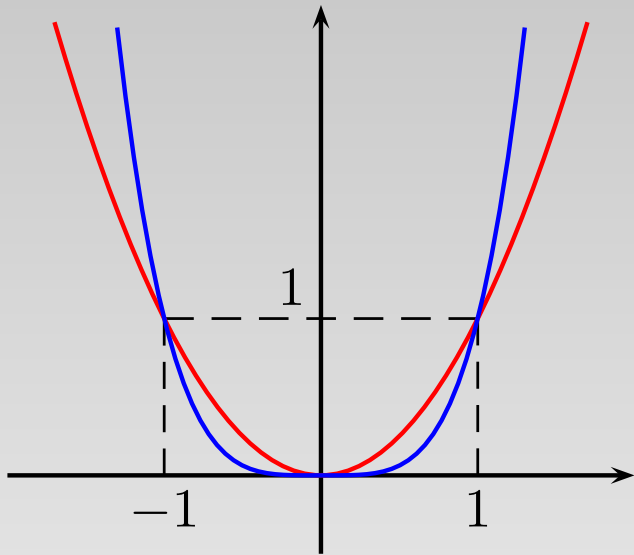


$$f_1(x) = x^2$$



Confronto tra potenze

Confronto tra potenze



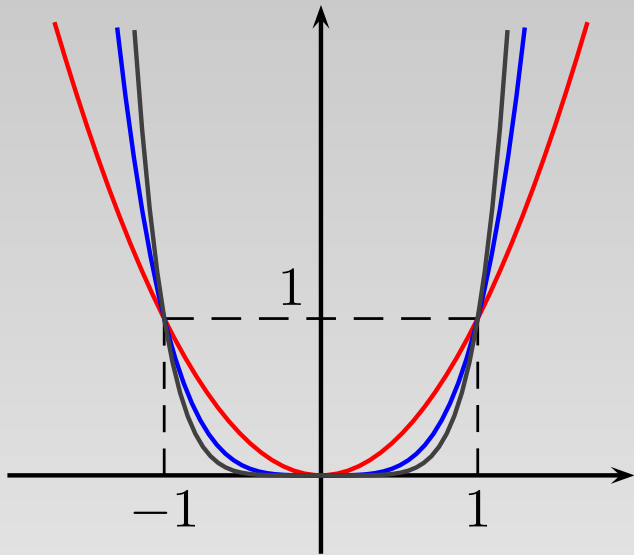
$$f_1(x) = x^2$$

$$f_2(x) = x^4$$



Confronto tra potenze

Confronto tra potenze



$$f_1(x) = x^2$$

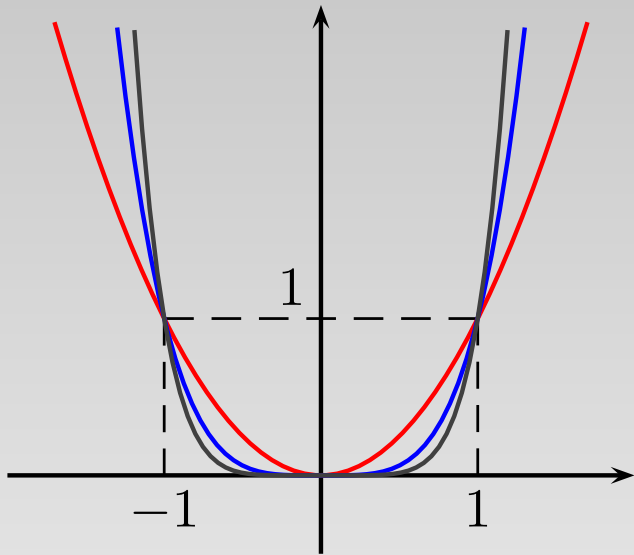
$$f_2(x) = x^4$$

$$f_3(x) = x^6$$



Confronto tra potenze

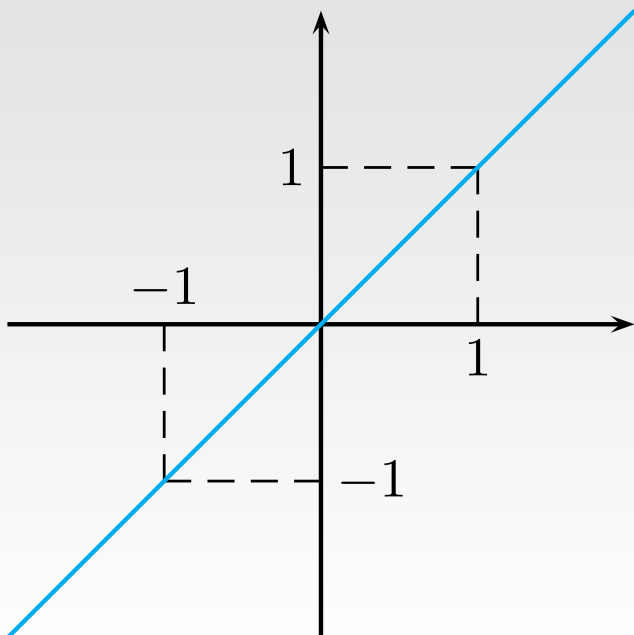
Confronto tra potenze



$$f_1(x) = x^2$$

$$f_2(x) = x^4$$

$$f_3(x) = x^6$$

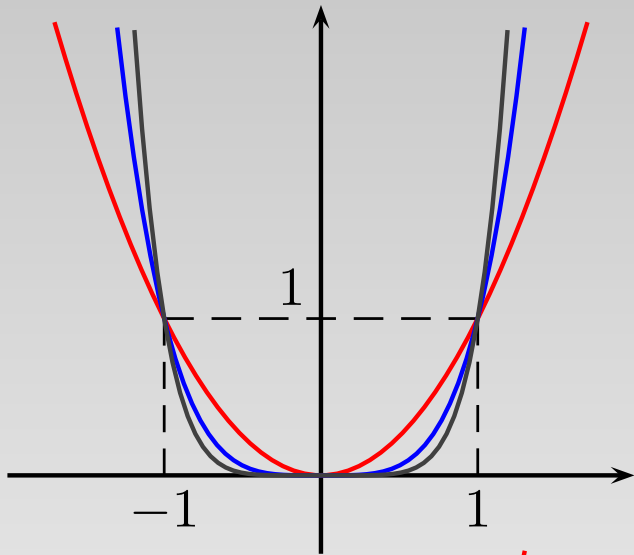


$$g_1(x) = x$$



Confronto tra potenze

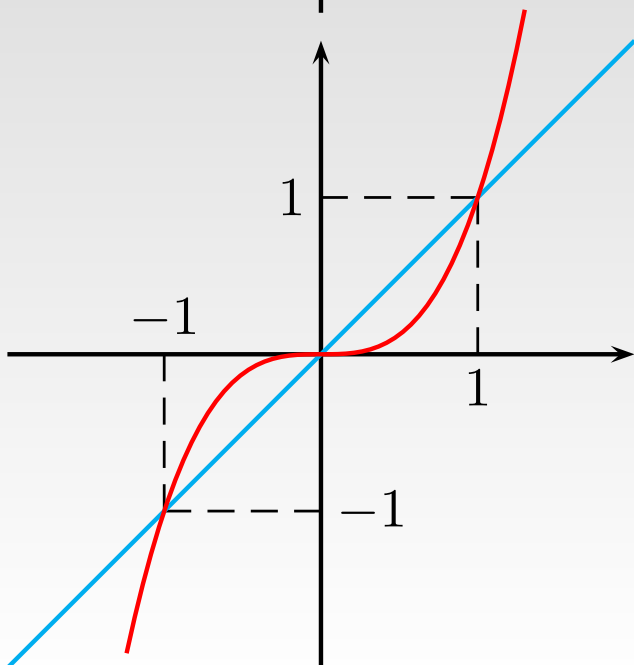
Confronto tra potenze



$$f_1(x) = x^2$$

$$f_2(x) = x^4$$

$$f_3(x) = x^6$$



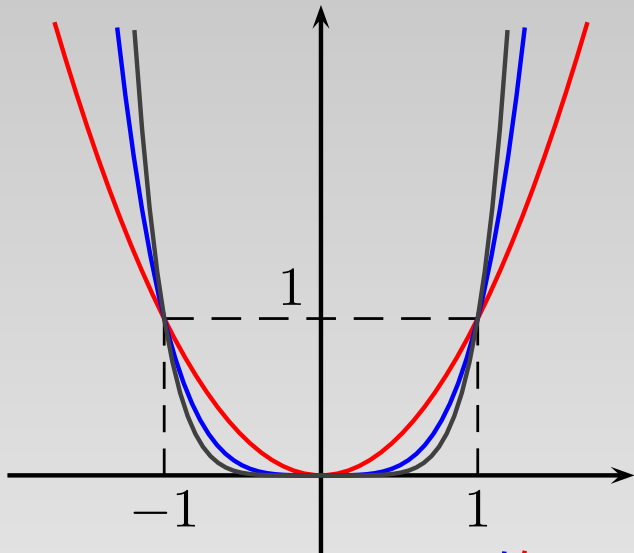
$$g_1(x) = x$$

$$g_2(x) = x^3$$



Confronto tra potenze

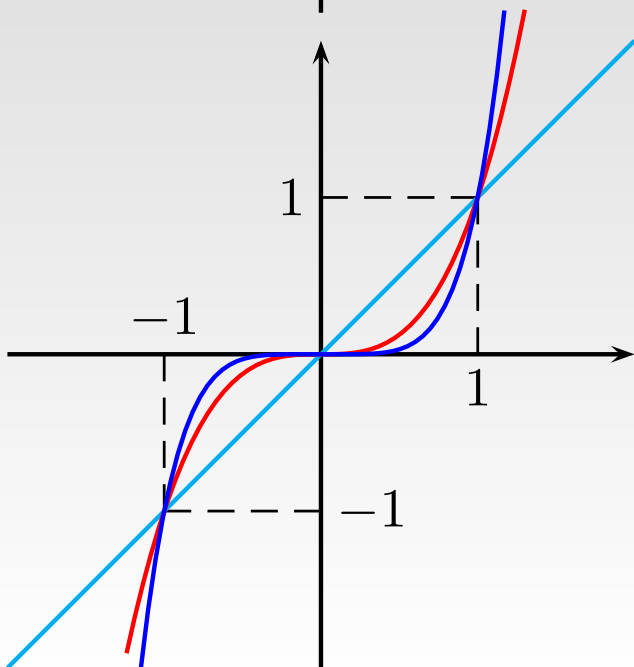
Confronto tra potenze



$$f_1(x) = x^2$$

$$f_2(x) = x^4$$

$$f_3(x) = x^6$$



$$g_1(x) = x$$

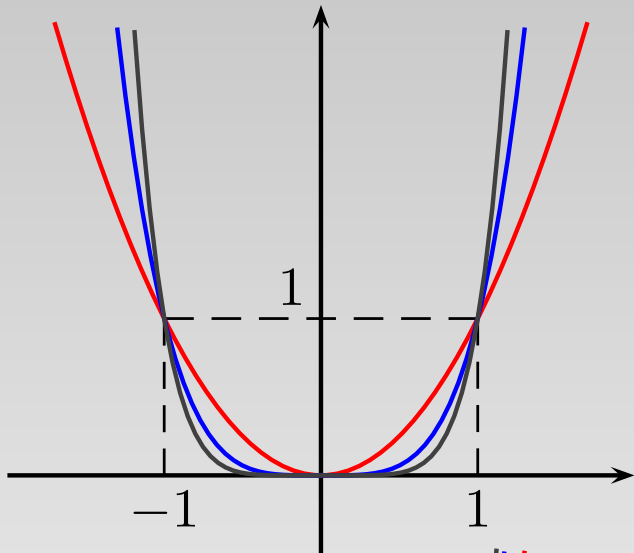
$$g_1(x) = x^3$$

$$g_2(x) = x^5$$



Confronto tra potenze

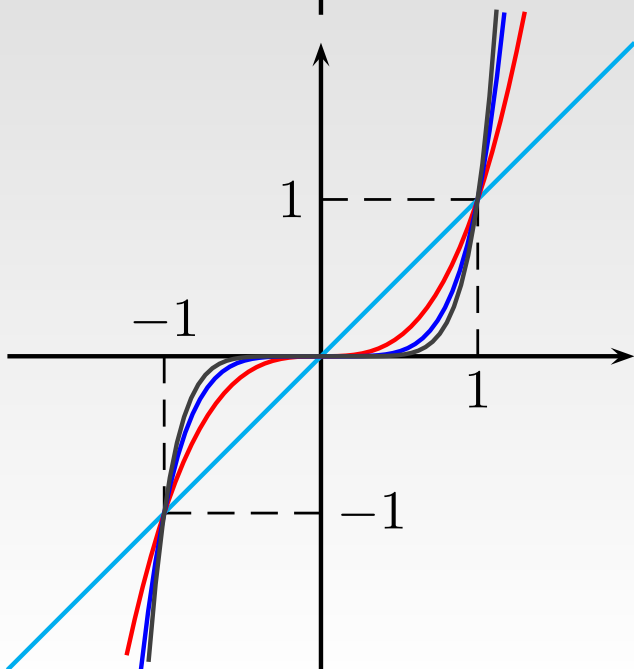
Confronto tra potenze



$$f_1(x) = x^2$$

$$f_2(x) = x^4$$

$$f_3(x) = x^6$$



$$g_1(x) = x$$

$$g_2(x) = x^3$$

$$g_3(x) = x^5$$

$$g_4(x) = x^7$$

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